Introduction

- 1. Despite multiple warnings and rebukes from God's prophets, the southern kingdom of Judah went into Babylonian captivity (<u>Dan. 1:1-2</u>)
- 2. Certain Israelites were selected to serve in the Babylonian king's palace (Dan. 1:3-5)
 - a. Among them were Daniel, Hananiah, Mishael, and Azariah (Dan. 1:6)
 - b. Their names were changed to reflect Babylonian deities (Dan. 1:7)
 - c. When brought before the king, these four Israelites were found to be exceptional (<u>Dan.</u> 1:18-20)
 - d. Hananiah, Mishael, and Azariah's reverence toward God was put to the test by the king of Babylon (<u>Dan. 3</u>)

I. The Command

- 1. Nebuchadnezzar was the king of Babylon at this time and made a massive image [statute] or idol (<u>Dan. 3:1</u>)
 - a. Height: sixty cubits or approximately ninety-five feet
 - b. Width: six cubits or approximately nine and a half feet
- 2. Nebuchadnezzar dedicated the image with a great number of leaders present (Dan. 3:2-3)
 - a. <u>Satrap</u>: a viceroy or governor with considerable power (DBL Aramaic)
 - b. <u>Administrator</u>: prefect; governor or senior officer over an area, similar to a satrap (DBL Aramaic)
 - c. <u>Governor</u>: political ruler and administrator appointed by a king (DBL Aramaic)
 - d. <u>Counselor</u>: minister of information; an adviser or counselor whose job was to keep the king informed on the affairs of the kingdom i.e. the eyes and ears for the king; possibly a general (DBL Aramaic)
 - e. <u>Treasurer</u>: one in charge of finances (DBL Aramaic)
 - f. <u>Judge</u>: an official of prominence (DBL Aramaic)
 - g. Magistrate: legal official; police officer (DBL Aramaic)
 - h. <u>Official</u>: a high government administrator over a province of a kingdom, in service to the king (DBL Aramaic)
- 3. The command was to worship this image whenever music was played (Dan. 3:4-5)
 - a. The penalty for disobedience was to be cast immediately into a fiery furnace (Dan. 3:6)
 - b. Most people complied with the command (<u>Dan. 3:7</u>)

II. The Chaldeans

- Certain Chaldeans accused the Jews of non-compliance to the king's commandment (<u>Dan.</u> 3:8-12)
 - a. There will always be those that oppose the righteous (Ezr. 4:1-5; cf. 1 Th. 2:18)
 - b. Nevertheless, we must submit to God and resist the devil (Jm. 4:7; 1 Pt. 5:8-9)

III. The Courage

- 1. Nebuchadnezzar was very upset upon hearing this news (Dan. 3:13)
- 2. Nebuchadnezzar questioned them regarding their disobedience to his command (<u>Dan.</u> 3:14)
 - a. We will be challenged by questions from time to time
 - b. Let us be ready always to give a defense (1 Pt. 3:15)
- 3. Nebuchadnezzar gave these Jews another chance to comply to his command (Dan. 3:15)
 - a. He reminded them of the consequence of disobedience
 - b. He also defied the one, living, and true God which is never wise
- 4. Hananiah, Mishael, and Azariah replied to the king (Dan. 3:16-18)
 - a. They had their minds made up already
 - b. Whether God would deliver them from the fiery furnace or not, they were not going to worship the false god
 - c. These men <u>knew</u> what was right and were not going to violate God's Law to follow man's law no matter what the consequence was

IV. The Consequence

- 1. Nebuchadnezzar was enraged and gave the command to super heat the furnace (<u>Dan.</u> 3:19)
- 2. Hananiah, Mishael, and Azariah were bound by the king's most mighty men and cast into the furnace (<u>Dan. 3:20-21</u>)
 - a. The fire was so hot that it killed those mighty men (Dan. 3:22)
- 3. The Jews were now in the fiery furnace (Dan. 3:23)
- 4. Nebuchadnezzar is alarmed and amazed as he sees four men in the furnace (Dan. 3:24-25)
- 5. Nebuchadnezzar summons the three Israelites out of the furnace (Dan. 3:26)
- 6. All the king's officials and rulers are present (plenty of witnesses) and discover that not even the smell of fire was upon Hananiah, Mishael, and Azariah (<u>Dan. 3:27</u>)
- 7. The result of this event was a decree from the king that no one should speak against the God of Heaven and these men were promoted in Babylon (<u>Dan. 3:28-30</u>)
 - a. Nebuchadnezzar <u>saw</u> the faith of these men (<u>Dan. 3:28</u>)
 - b. By not bowing to the king's idol, they reverenced and glorified the living and true God in the land

Conclusion

- 1. Hananiah, Mishael, and Azariah were in a foreign country which changed nothing regarding their reverence to God
 - a. Their faith was put through the fire
 - b. To bow down to anything above God is to not fear Him
 - c. May we learn from their great example of faith and courage and fear the LORD God!